LAKE AND RAIL RATES

MANAGERS DISPUTING OVER THE DIVISION OF BUSINESS.

Chance for General Throat Cutting on Eastern Business Unless a Pool Can Be Agreed On.

E. J. Henry, Western agent of the Lehigh Valley line, who some time since was appointed export rate agent of the lake lines, will resign his position to-day, and the probability is that he will be succeeded by Edward Walley, formerly connected with the Boston & Albany road. The managers of the lake lines and the trunk line managers are now considering whether they will allow each line to take its fixed portion of the freight offered, continue the present arrangement by which all the export rates are named daily by a commissioner, or allow all the lines to act independently of each other. If the latter plan be adopted, all the lines will be cutting throats within a fortnight. The trunk lines are generally in favor of the plan of allowing each line to take its fixed portion of the freight, but the differences of the lake lines as to their proper proportions may prevent the adoption of this system. The question of lake and rail rates from Chiuncertain condition, and is not likely to improve for some time. The Eastern committee of the passenger department of the Central Traffic Association met to-day and transacted nothing beyond matters of routine, and little of that. The meeting was slated to take up the questions of divisions between Chicago and Buffalo, but it was referred to the general meeting of the as-sociation, which will be held within a few

Interest Not to Be Paid.

A dispatch from New York says: The interest on Green Bay consol fives, due Aug. 1, will not be paid on that date. President Joseph Walker, of the company, says it will be paid later, and that deferring payment will not mean a receivership. There is a clause in the mortgage which authorizes a delay of six months. It is stated at the Missouri, Kansas & Texas office that the August coupon on the seconds will not be paid. The February coupon, it will be remembered, was paid. The August coupen has never been paid since the road was reorganized. The interest on Oregon Short Line sixes and on Kansas Pacific sixes will not be paid. The interest on the Union Pacific gold notes sixes will be paid.

Adams Express Sues the C., P. & St. L. The Adams Express Company, of New York, yesterday, at Springfield, Ill., in the United States Circuit Court, brought suit against the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railroad Company and William S. Hook, of Jacksonville, for \$150,000, on notes given for loans of \$150,000, made defendant com-pany by plaintiff in April, May and June, 1893. Hook was then president of the defunct company and was surety on the notes. Collateral security in the shape of \$300,000 of Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis consolidated mortgage bonds was also given, but at a sale in February, 1894, on the New York Stock Exchange these bonds only realized \$51,000, and the Adams Express Company now sues for the balance.

Competitive Rates.

Competitive rates of the Northern Pacific and Canadian Pacific railroads were discussed yesterday at a meeting of the trunk line officers of the passenger department in New York. Messrs. P. S. Eustis, of the C., B. & Q., J. C. Pond, of the Wis-consin Central, and W. B. Kinskem, of the Chicago & Northwestern, were present as a committee representing the Western roads. B. D. Caldwell, president of the Western Passenger Association, was also present. The meeting was a long one, but nothing but routine business was accom-

Personal, Local and General Notes. The Roadmasters' Association of the United States will hold a meeting in New York on Sept. 11.

W. J. Stewart has been appointed agent of the Chicago & Erie at Palmer, Ind. vice G. M. Stiles, resigned. The Montreal meeting of the American Association of General Baggage Agents has been postponed to Aug. 15.

Superintendent Thomas, of the Tennes-see Coal and Iron Railroad Company, has resigned. The resignation took effect yes-G. D. Bacon, general agent of the pas-

senger department of the Rock Island at St. Louis and Cincinnati, was in the city To-day the shops of the Big Four will all put on a full force of men, returning

to about the basis of operations existing in April of this year. S. White, late general freight agent of the Big Four system, left Cincinnati for New York on Monday evening and will

assume his new duties as general man-ager of the Erie Dispatch to-day. His of-fice will be at 21 Cortlandt street, New York city. The Indianapolis roads are handling an

unusually large amount of live stock. The satisfaction of the freight men at this increase is tempered somewhat, however, by the apprehension that it argues a lighter traffic early in the coming winter, when the new corn crop should be due to

The receivers of the 'Frisco have filed in the United States Court at St. Louis a petition for permission to pay the semiannual interest on the arst mortgage sinking fund equipment bonds of 1880 still outstanding. They also asked permission to redeem certain of the bonds, Both requests were granted.

U. railway engines last week handled 3,002 cars between the several roads, and 387 cars of live stock. In the same time other engines hauled over the Union tracks 10,526 cars of freight and empties and 287 cars of live stock. Total of cars handled on the company's lines, 14,778, being an increase of 1,832 over the previous week. The increase in number of cars handled by I. U. engines over the preced-ing week was 317.

The interests of the Evansville & Richmond railway, the Bedford Belt railway and the Bedford Quarries Company have been consolidated under the name of the Indiana Stone, Railroad and Quarries Company, with W. L. Breyfogle as president. The deal was made in New York on Saturday. Equipment bonds to the amount of \$2,000,000 will be issued. The general orfices and shops will be located at Bedford. The company will own 116 miles of aliroad and the largest quarry plant in

There is little complaint, either among assenger or freight officials here, about he condition of business. All seem to be

uite well satisfied with the volume now

Lucretia O. Putnam,

of Forristdale, Mass., was utterly miserable and sick. Her spine, liver, heart, and brain were all diseased.



The weight of her body caused terrible pains in her back, and it wassometimes several hours before she

could dress. This woman's trouble was in her womb, af-

fecting her whole constitution. She found new life in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Combound.

She says: "I am like one raised from the dead. I was sick so long I thought I never could get well.

"The suffocating, gasping attacks and awful bearingdown feeling left me, my appetite returned, and my friends wondered at my improved looks. I believe Mrs. Pinkham's remedies are a sure cure for the misery of our sex."

offered and to take a quite hopeful view of the future. From Chicago, however, there comes a wail of sorrow. Whereas the officials two weeks ago, especially those of the Western lines, felt more of encouragement than they had known for years, they are now quite in despair. The usual corn crop was expected to be almost doubled. It is now doubtful if more than 50 or 75 per cent. of an average crop will be harvested. Instead of the usual large tonnage of hay, farmers will be fortunate who harvest enough to winter

their stock. Beginning to-day the roads south of the Ohio will restore rates to the tariff in existence prior to the beginning of the rate war in that section. This is in defiance of the order of the Interstate-commerce Commission to reduce rates to a basis that would permit fair competition on the part of the roads in the West with the seaboard lines for north-and-south traffic. The fact that Judge Lurton has refused to continue the injunction against the Louisville & Nashville issued by Judge Taft, restraining that road from disobeying the order of the commission, complicates the situation somewhat, but is regarded by Chicago as only a temporary setback. It is not believed the Interstate-commerce Commission will quietly submit to the defy of the L. & N., but will push matters to a speedy conclusion. Moreover, the Queen & Crescent, being under the charge a receiver appointed by Judge Taft, and the Judge having plainly stated that he will make it his business to see, personally, that this line obeys the order. it must follow that the adoption of the new rates by the Q. & C. will have considerable influence in determining the course of the L. & N. Under the rates to be readopted to-day the discrimination against the Northwest and in favor of the East are such as to absolutely prevent Northwestern merchants doing business south of the Ohio, it being cheaper to ship goods south from Chicago via New York than by direct north-and-south lines.

PAUPERS AND TRAMPS.

Timely Topics Discussed in Two Lectures at Acton.

The audience which listened to Dr. Doddridge's address, "Cause of Pauperism and Crime, and the Remedy," at Acton yesterday morning was an attentive one. The Doctor introduced his subject as farreaching and vital, touching the vitality of the social, political and religious world, threatening the very life of the commonwealth-a gigantic evil demanding heroic treatment-which may become the one question before the American people, but the enormity of which few realize. It is an evil which demands a sociological science search light. Unrestricted immigration was given as a great cause of crime and pauperism and he characterized the officials as straining out Chinese gnats and swallowing European camels. The saloon is a second cause of pauperism, one and all upas trees of crime are watered by rum. Heredity as a third cause was proven by many quotations from Oscar McCulloch's "Tribe of Ishmael," and the State urged to assume control of the marriage relation. Environment, proximity to crime as a nursery of vice was clearly shown, and the liability of infection of evil rather than good, "disease is catch-ing health, never." The fifth cause of pauperism he found a defective common school system. Victor Hugo said: "Whoever opens a school closes a prison," but the training of the good school must culti-vate the hand, the head and the heart. Enforced idleness and unrequited toil are a prolific cause of both crime and pauperism and of evils attendant upon the dependence of one man upon the arbitration of another for a daily living. In considering the last cause, insufficient and vicious legislation, Dr. Doddridge gave a brief review of the political situation and the responsibility of the people in the selection f lawmakers.

In the afterno. Dr. Curtiss, having exchanged places upon the programme with Captain Ritter, delivered a lecture upon "The American Tramp, and Some Prob-lems Which Concern Him and Society," which was full of characteristic epigrammatic thoughts, and given in his own vigorous style. He said tramp life or vaga-bondage must be studied in the light of facts. It does exist, not elevating, but always tearing down society, a nondescript, unwashed class, found nowhere else except in England, a necessary product of po litical freedom when the reacting power of Jesus Christ is not a dominating factor. There are five phases of vagabondage. First, the old-fashioned beggar, who is purely local, and who prefers the idle comfort of the poorhouse to a better life with a personal effort; next, the gypsy, a foreign production, originating probably in Egypt, filthy, unproductive wanderers, as afraid of water as a mad dog; third, the Southern cracker, a product of old slavery times, which chiefly runs to dirt, children and dogs; fourth, the commonwealers, a legitimate result of hard times and the discussion of anarchistic subjects, who may be harmless in a minority, but if a man born to rule should marshal him in force more trouble will follow than was caused by the French revolution; fifth, the tramp, aimless wanderer who has many and various causes for his origin-misfortune, natural love of roving, some crime escaped from, desire for easy life, out of work, overtaken by want away from home, reading of pernicious literature, and last and greatest of all, intemperance. Finally the following questions were proposed: Is there any danger from tramps combining into classes? Is there danger of tramps combining with other dangerous classes? How do tramps estimate themselves—as amenable to law, or otherwise? Can tramps be reformed? How many able-bodied are required to support the tramps? Can moral influence be brought

upon tramps to induce them to reform?
Has the government any power to induce
the tramp to abandon a life of idleness and become a useful citizen? Mrs. Wiles and daughter, Mrs. Wright Mrs. Richey, Mrs. Thompson, Miss Hattle Simmons, of Shelbyville, and Mrs. Rom-inger and family, of Hope, have taken cot-

To-day is missionary day and the chief attraction will be the presence and address of Dr. W. H. Curtiss, M. D., medical missionary to Pekin, China. He will answer questions and give most interesting personal experiences. At night Rev. E. B. Rawls will preach and recitations from Misses Ora and Bessie Gatch, of Milford, O., and a solo by Miss Alta Roberts, of Indianapolis, will be attractions.

Remedy for Labor Troubles.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Alphonse Karr, the French novelist, humorist and critic, published, some forty years ago, a very simple method for settling individually most of all these labor troubles which in our days occur so frequently and cause such disturbances. He said: "Every kind of labor should be tariffed at least twice a year. For instance, if the labor of a carpenter is tariffed at \$2 a day of ten hours, being master of his trade he should know exactly how much work he can perform by toiling vigilantly during ten hours. From the moment the employer, instead of paying him \$2 a day, would only pay him \$1.50, he should still keep at work for ten hours till engaged where he would get his full tariff rates, and slow his activity so a target with the same tenders. and slack his activity so as to regulate his work according to the pay he received By doing this he would do justice to himself, to his fellow-workmen and to his employer, and would keep his family from starvation. This simple move of the day laborer would necessarily react on piece work, cause it to go up, and vice versa.' Alphonse Karr says: "Tariff your price Alphonse Karr says: "Tariff your price; tariff the quantity and quality of work you can do at any price." L. A. D. Indianapolis, July 31.

STORY OF A BOLD ROBBERY.

Chicago Traveling Man Says He Was Held Up on a Down Town Street.

L. Natemaher, a traveling man for the Vosburg Manufacturing Company, of Chicago, told the police last night that he had been held up and robbed of \$80 on Ohio street, near Illinois, at 8 o'clock in the evening. Natemaher is not familiar with the streets of the city, but, from his description, he was passing along Ohio street at the crossing of Bird street when he was set upon by three men. He says that a negro first approached him and asked him if he had not dropped something. The traveling man carried a small memorandum book in his coat pocket, and he placed a hand in his pocket, thinking perhaps he had dropped it. As he did this, he says, two white men appeared in front of him. One held a revolver to his head while the other began a rapid search of his pockets. The negro held Natemaher's hands close behind him. The victim says the trio secured a pocketbook containing \$80, and immediately dashed down Bird street. It seems almost incredible that a man could be held up in such a bold manner under the glare of the electric lights and at a time when a number of people were on the streets. The police began an investigation, but have obtained no further information to the affair as Natemaher de-

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

TURNS ON HER GROCER

JULIA HENSEL SUES BECAUSE BUT-TERMILK MADE HER SICK.

She Wants \$5,000 from John A. Givens for Injury to Her Health-Patrolman King Acquitted.

Julia A. Hensel has sued John A. Givens for \$5,000 for demoralization of her appetite. The defendant is the proprietor of a grocery and milk depot at Nos. 30 and 32 Indiana avenue. The plaintiff alleges in her complaint that on or about June 17 she purchased of him a quart of buttermilk, for which she paid 5 cents. She avers that within a few minutes after the purchase she drank some of the milk and was very soon seized with a fit of vomiting. She alleges that the milk contained poisonous and deleterious substances of which she was unaware, as she relied upon the fact of its being sold to her for food as a guarantee that it was wholesome. She was sick for twenty-four hours after drink-ing the milk and alleges that her health has been injured by the drinking of it.

PATROLMAN KING DISCHARGED. Case Against Him for the Shooting of Jerry O'Neil.

Patrolman King was tried in the Police Court yesterday afternoon for the shooting of Jerry O'Neil on South West street. The trial of the case consumed the greater part of the afternoon and developed the same state of facts as published in the news-papers at the time of the shooting. The evidence of Mrs. Hitchcock, who witnessed the entire affair, was strongly in favor of the defendant, who was discharged.

Loiterers to the Workhouse.

In the Police Court, yesterday morning, a number of persons found loitering about the show grounds during the day and evening were tried and given workhouse sentences. Carl Eckhart was held for the action of the grand jury for petit larceny. He was accused of stealing a pocketbook containing 90 cents from Jennie Shotts. He admitted taking the pocketbook, but said it was all a joke. James Ripley, a bartender employed by Peter Conway, was arrested for selling liquor after 11 o'clock. There was a dis-

He had a pair of "knucks."

pute as to the time of the arrest and the

case was dismissed. Roland A. Jenkins was

fined \$50 for carrying concealed weapons.

A Bicycle Wheel Contract. The Teeter Molding Machine Company has sued Henry C. Smithe and the Century Cycle Manufacturing Company for \$10,000 alleged to be due upon a contract existing between them. The plaintiff alleges that it entered into a contract with Smither to complete the construction of a certain lot of bicycles then in process of construction for a consideration of \$20 a bicycle. Under this contract it alleges that it has com-pleted the construction of 790 wheels. For 441 of these it has received the con-tract price, and for the remaining 349 it asks judgment against the defendants.

Holds a Beneficiary Certificate. John J. Payne has filed suit against the Grand Lodge of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen to recover \$2,000 alleged to be due him upon a beneficiary certificate. He was a member of Adair Lodge, No. 100, of Bowling Green, Ky., and was injured on Nov. 5, and again on Dec. 12, 1891, and as a result of these injuries has since been unable to perform any sort of labor.

Four Years for Highway Robbery. In the Criminal Court, yesterday, Sutton Barnes and Joe Russell were sentenced to four years in the penitentiary for highway robbery. Several weeks ago they attacked an old man named O'Hara, on Massachusetts averue, and beat him to insensibility for the purpose of robbery.

Guardians Qualify.

Frank M. Maurer has qualified as guardian of Claude and Fred Maurer and gave bond in the sum of \$1,500.

Elizabeth Hotz gave bond in the sum of \$3,000 and qualified as the guardian of Laura and Mary Hotz.

Mr. Van Buren's Terse Answer. "Rats." This is the answer filed by W. A. Van Buren in a suit against him by Fulmer & Seibert to foreclose a lien for sewer assessment. In a footnote Mr. Van Buren suggests that the plaintiffs examine the records.

THE COURT RECORD. Criminal Court.

Millard F. Cox, Judge. State vs. Sutton Barnett and Joe Russell highway robbery. Trial by court. Guilty Fined \$100 each and sentenced to imprisonment in the State prison for four years.

New Suits Filed. John J. Payne vs. Grand Lodge of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen; in certificate. Demand, \$2,000. Superior Court, Room 1. ages.

Julia A. Hensel vs. John A. Givens; damages. Demand, \$5,000. Superior Court, Room 3. Teeter Molding Machine Company vs. Henry C. Smither and the Century Cycle Manufacturing Company; on contract. Demand, \$10,000. Superior Court, Room 1.

DAILY VITAL STATISTICS-JULY 31. Deaths.

Carrie Latshaw, Diceen years, Chicago, Brooks Hess, twelve months, 555 North Alabama street, congestion of the brain. Infant Pounds, 112 Rhode Island street, inflammation of the bowels Harry White, twenty-six years, 494 South street, inanition

Meridian street, typhoid fever.
Myrtle J. Herron, six months, 106 Shelby Edwin R. McDougal, sixty-six years, 43 Williams street, sclerosis of cord. Lida Russell, fifty-seven years, 237 Fayette street, cancer.

Births. Charles and Lettie Pascal, 180 Brookside

avenue, boy Mr. and Mrs. Lash, city, girl. C. and M. Mullenholz, city, boy. H. and L. Hartlege, city, girl. G. and K. Massonni, city, boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Abraham, 9 Elizabeth street, William and Dora Madden, 232 Elizabeth street, boy. George A. and Victoria Walker, 95 Brookside avenue, girl.

August and Mollie Feisel, city, boy, Marriage Licenses. Edward W. Preston and Annie Watts.

Louis Watson and Luia Mabel Watson. Truman Post Carter and Elizabeth De

Early Strikes.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: In a recent number of one of your contemporaries Judge Baker, of the United States District Court, refers to what he calls the first strike. It occurred in Rome, 300 B. C. But there were strikes one thousand years before that time. Passing hastily over the great strike or walk-out of the 2,500,000 Hebrews from the Egyptian brick yards, there were others before and after that time having all the characteristics of the modern strike. In the twenty-ninth year of Rameses III, about the time Moses ended his journey through the Sinai wilderness, this old Pharoah had three strikes in one year, caused largely by the demoralization in labor circles by the Hebrew walkout. The first of these strikes lasted five days. The strikers became so riotous that the military had to be called out to suppress them. They were in government employ, and had not received the wages due them, and they did not go back to work until they were fully paid. The victory was for the strikers and against the government. A second strike occurred only a few weeks later and for the same cause. The men, with their wives and children, marched in a body to the gates of Thebes and demanded their pay. A compromise was effected, and upon the men receiving half pay from the government they again went back to work. Two months after this they struck again for back pay. The men were victorious, and upon receiving their dues again went to work. A. S. DOBBS. St. Louis, Mo., July 31,

The Greatest Cures of Modern Times.

The greatest cures of modern times performed by Dr. R. C. Flower and his staff physicians, now at the Denison Hotel, this city. (Drs. G. W. Vanbleck, S. O. C. Fairhurst.) Consultation free. If you are sick, if other doctors have failed to help you, go at once and consult these physicians. They have cured thousands at the gates of death and given up to die, and they can cure you.

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Abshort, practical course in Penmanship, Shortand. Typewriting, Bookkeeping, English branches, etc. Established 44 years. Tel. 499. Call or write

E. J. HEEB, President.

Greencastle, Ind.

Sixty professors and instructors. 803 stu-dents. Excellent libraries, laboratories and observatory. Progressive ideas and modern methods. College of liberal arts, with 125 elective courses. Schools of theology, muelective courses. Schools of theology, mu-sic, art and military science. Preparatory school, with strong faculty. Teachers fitted for public schools and colleges. Both sexes admitted. Healthful location. Moral and religious influences. Expenses low. Univer-sity boarding hall for young women. Fall semester opens Sept. 19. Send for new year book. J. P. D. JOHN, President.

Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, O.

71st year. This old and remarkably successful school provides thorough preparation for college or business, and careful supervision of health, habits and manners. It is much the oldest, largest and best equipped boarding school for boys in Ohio. Illustrated catalogue sent.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

Location Beautiful and Heathful. Excellent facilities for the study of the Classics.

Mathematics, History and Literature, Music and
Art. Thorough work in Laboratories, Cabinets and
Gymnasium, Year opens September 12, 1894
Early application desirable. For Catalogue apply to PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, PITTSBURG, PA.

BOYS' CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

The Session of 1894-95 will begin Sept. 10.
Thorough preparation for College, Technilogical School or Business. Special eare given to young boys.

I. R. BAUGHER,
783 North Delaware street.

Classical School, Girls'

INDIANAPOLIS, IND. Thirteenth year opens Sept 25. Prepares for all colleges admitting women. Boarding pupils received. For catalogues address THEODORE L. SEWALL and MAY WRIGHT SEWALL, Principals.

THE NORTHWESTERN MILITARY ACAD. EMY, HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS.

The most beautiful and healthful location on Lake Michigan. Thorough Classical, Academic and Commercial courses. Every instructor a specialist in his branches. Indorsed by the Legislature of Illinois, and annually inspected by official representatives of the State. Session opens September 19. Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

MICHIGAN FEMALE SEMINARY. Opens Sept. 13, 1894. College preparatory and advanced courses of study. Fine advantages in Music and Art. Steam heat. Passenger elevator. Send for Catalogue No. 12. FANNIE RUTH ROBIN SON, M. A., Principal, Kalamazoo.

CAYUGA LAKE MILITARY ACADEMY, Aurora Advantages—A well disciplined school Experienced Teachers. Location near Cornell University. Term begins Sept. 19, 1894. For illustrated circular, address Col.C. J. WRIGHT, B.S., A. M., Principals Or ALFRED K. MCALPINE, A. M.,

122 and 124 W. Franklin St., BALTIMORE, MD. EDGEWORTH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for Young Ladies will reopen, Wednesday, September 26. 32d year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBURE,

CONSERVATORY. Best instruction in all departments of Musical Study. Fine Arts, Elocution, Languages, Etc. Add. E. F. BULLARD, A. M., Supt., Jacksonville, Ill.

NEW YORK MILITARY ACADEMY.

Carriages Crown Hill \$3.00

CHILD'S WHITE HEARSE, \$5 Chas. T. Whitsett

FINANCIAL.

LOANS-Money on mortgages. C. F. SAYLES, 75 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN-6 per cent, HORACE M'KAY, Room II, Talbott & New's Block. LOANS-Sums of \$500 and over.

C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market MONEY TO LOAN-On farms at the lowest market rate; privileges for payment be-fore due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOMAS C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis.

LOANS-6 per cent. money on improved real estate in this city only. (No loans made outside.) Borrower has the privilege of prepayment semi-annually. No delay, Reasonable fees, JOHN S. SPANN & CO., 86 East Market.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE-Cheap; Fischer piano; cabinet grand. Not a scratch or mar on it. Call at 402 Bellefontaine street.

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE-Fifty-foot, east front, lot on Ash street, between Sixth and Seventh. One square east of College avenue. Was offered \$2,200 a year ago; will take \$2,000 net now, \$800 cash down and \$1,200 on as long time as is wanted. Address, J. O., care Journal office.

beautiful quiet street west of College avenue and south of Seventh, one square from electric line; unusually pleasant surroundings; abundance of fruit, flowers and shade. For sale at a bargain; part cash and part on time, if necessary. Too large for present owners. Address, F. H., care Journal office.

FOR SALE-Eight-room modern house, on

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-To buy diamonds. Private parties wishing to sell cheap find occa-sion to sell some good gems to private gentleman, write, with full details, A. 25,

WANTED-AGENTS. WANTED-Agent for one of the leading life insurance companies (level premium);

good conditions for good reliable man. Write W. 25, Journal. WANTED-Salesmen to sell specialties to merchants; fine side lines; good sellers; write for samples, MODEL MANU-FACTURING COMPANY, South Bend,

WANTED-Agents to take orders by sam-

ple at home or travel; expenses and good

salary or commission to right party. Sample sent on application. Address, with stamp, Lock Box 420, New York city. WANTED-To know if you ever acted as agent for anything. If so, tackle the latest and greatest culinary inventions of modern times-Red Key crucible fire-clay cooking vessels. One man cleared \$32 in one day. Why not you? If in earnest, write RED KEY MFG. CO., Indianapolis,

WANTED-Salesmen wanted in every county in United States; \$75 month and expenses; office, advertising, delivery team furnished; goods monopoly. Address K. S. CO., 55 Colonnade Building, Boston, Mass.

HELP WANTED.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT. Absolute safety against Fire and Burglar. Finest. and only Vault of the kind in the State. Policeman day and night on guard. Designed for the safe keeping of Money, Bonds, Wills, Deeds, Abstracts, Sil

ver Plate, Jewels and valuable Trunks and Pack-

SAFE DEPOSITS.

S. A. FLETCHER & CO., Safe-Deposit JOHN S. TARKINGTON, Munager,

OPTICIANS. GLASSES GROUND 62 EAST MARKET ST

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

-OF THE-

American Fire Insurance Company

On the 30th day of June, 1894. Located at No. 146 Broadway, New York city.

WM. H. CROLIUS, Secretary. DAVID ADEE, President. THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: \$273,890.04 382,075.00 Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance filed, market value . 20,500.00 51,184.78 91,226.46 Debts otherwise secured..... Debts for premiums..... All other securities. Total assets...... \$1,512,570.28

The greatest amount in any one risk, \$40,000. State of Indiana. Office of Auditor of State: I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above mentioned company on the 30th day of June, 1894, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office. In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and a fix my o ficial seal, this 26th day of July, 1894.

J. O. HENDERSON, Auditor of State.

All other claims against the company.

Amount necessary to remsure outstanding risks......

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE UNITED STATES BRANCH OF THE

PALATINE INSURANCE COM'NY

\$79,956,57

83,499,29

76,492 11

733,804.09

\$973,752.06

\$558,157.37

On the 30th day of June, 1894.

Located at No. 152 Broadway, New York city, N. Y. J. N. LANE, Manager.

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY IN THE U. S. ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand, and in hands of agents or other persons..... Bonds owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of - per ceut., secured as per 1,534,490.00 50,000.00 Debts for premiums..... \$2,255,974.58 LIABILITIES. Losses in suspense, waiting for fufther proof
All other claims against the company
Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 3 th day of June, 1894, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on flie in this office.

[SEAL.] In testimeny whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 27th day of July, 1894.

J. O. HENDERSON, Auditor of State.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION - OF THE -

TRADERS INSURANCE COMPANY

On the 30th day of June, 1894. Located at No. 160 Lasalle street, Chicago, Ill. R. J. SMITH, Secretary. E. BUCKINGHAM, President.

The amount of its capital paid up is..... 500,000 THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons.... Bonds and stocks owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of — per cent., as per schedule filed, market value.

Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance. 1,261,736.58 222,(00.00 8.148.86 89.077.67 88,510.59 All other securities Total assets..... \$1,635,629.01 Losses adjusted and due.

Losses adjusted and not due.

Losses unadjusted

Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof. \$70,679.20 35,533.28

Total liabilities.....

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State: I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above mentioned company on the 30th day of June, 1894, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on flie in this office. [SEAL.] In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 26th day of July, 1894.

J. O. HENDERSON, Auditor of State.

- OF THE -

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

FIRE ASSOCIATION OF PHILADELPHIA On the 30th day of June, 1894.

Located at 407 and 409 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. BENJ. T. HERKNESS, Secretary.

The amount of its capital paid up is...... 500,000 THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: schedule filed market value 2,229,463.50 Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is Debts otherwise secured..... All other securities..... LIABILITIES. Losses unadjusted.

Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof...... All other claims against the company ... The greatest amount in any one risk, \$25,000. State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State:

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

- OF THE -

I the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 28th day

J. O. HENDERSON, Auditor of State.

copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 43th day of June, 1884, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

On the 30th day of June, 1894.

Located at corner Third and Jackson streets, St. Paul, Minn. C. B. GILBERT, Secretary. C. H. BIGELOW, President. THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Bends owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of - per cent, as per schedule filed, market value 584,491.46 Loans on bends and mortgages of real estate worth double the amount for which the same is mertgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance. 664,512.65

LIABILITIES. Losses unadjusted.

Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof...... 83,812.78 Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks..... The greatest amount in any one risk, \$10,000.

shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof, Thereunto subscribe my name and a fix my official seal, this 26th day of July, 1894.

J. O. HENDERSON, Auditor of State.

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct

copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 30th day of Jane, 1894, as

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State:

By Mail, to Any Address,

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL

Two Dollars per Annum.